

Where is the park, & how do I get there?

Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park straddles the border between the United States and Canada in northwestern Montana and southwestern Alberta.

By car

Visitors traveling to Glacier National Park by car approach from the east via U.S. Highways 2 and 89. U.S. Highway 2 is also the primary access route from the west. In Canada, Alberta Highways 5 and 6 provide direct access to Waterton Lakes National Park, while Alberta Highway 2 continues across the international border providing access to the east side of Glacier National Park.

By train

Amtrak stops year-round at West Glacier (no baggage service), East Glacier (seasonally), and Essex.

Check schedules and times with Amtrak or your travel agent.

• By air

The nearest airports in Montana are in Kalispell, Missoula, and Great Falls. In Canada, Calgary and Lethbridge, Alberta, are the closest airports.

A shuttle from the Kalispell airport to Apgar and Lake McDonald is available. Guided tours, shuttle services, and limited public transporation are available in the major areas within Glacier National Park.

Rental cars are available at airports and in some towns surrounding the park.

What does it cost to enter the park(s)?

There is no single fee that covers entrance into both parks. Glacier National Park and Waterton Lakes National Park charge separate entrance fees.

Glacier National Park

Glacier National Park Pass \$20.00 Valid at Glacier National Park only, for 1 year from month of purchase.

cial group) for 7 days. Commercial Tour Vehicle Fees

Be sure to retain your receipt for reentry into Glacier National Park!

Waterton Lakes National Park

Туре	Daily	Annual	*Great						
		Local	Western						
Adult	\$4.00	\$28.00	\$35.00						
Senior	\$3.00	\$21.00	\$28.00						
Group	\$8.00	\$50.00	\$70.00						
Senior Group	\$6.00	\$38.00	\$53.00						
Child	\$2.00	\$14.00	\$17.00						
Children under 6 fr									
Large Groups**(in same vehicle)									
11-14			\$33.00						
15-25			\$60.00						
Over 25			\$90.00						
*Great Western (annual pass) valid in									
Waterton Lakes, Riding Mountain, Prince									
Albert, Banff, Kootenay, Yoho, Jasper, Mt.									
Revelstoke, Glacier, Elk Island, and									
Pacific Rim.									
			_						

**Half-price if more than 50% of group are children.

Note: Fees for Waterton Lakes National

Park are listed in Canadian funds.

The Logan Pass section of the

When to visit?

and September.

Visitation to the park, like many moun-

tain parks in the west, follows seasonal

during the months of June, July, August,

Many visitors have the mistaken idea

that when the section of the Going-to-the-

Sun Road over Logan Pass closes, the park

is closed as well. While most facilities are

ing time to visit. Less crowded conditions

and increased opportunities for wildlife

sightings are just a few of the benefits of a

visit during the other months of the year.

only open during the summer months,

people are increasingly finding the "off season" (fall, winter and spring) a reward-

weather patterns. Visitation is highest

Going-to-the-Sun Road opens between late May to late June.

What's an International Peace Park?

Designated in 1932 by Canada and the United States as the world's first international peace park, Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park commemorates the friendship and goodwill between nations. With a common 19 mile boundary, the two parks cooperate in many ways to solve common issues and problems.

Waterton Lakes, established in 1895, and Glacier, established in 1910, are administered by their respective park systems.

In 1995, the park was designated as Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park World Heritage Site.





Visit Glacier and Waterton Lakes National Parks
on the World Wide Web
http://www.nps.gov/glac

http://www.parkscanada.gc.ca/waterton

What should I know to cross the border?

For U.S. and Canadian citizens, crossing the border is usually a quick and easy process. Travelers should have identification and proof of age for all passengers in the vehicle. A birth certificate may be needed for children. Citizens of countries, other than the United States or Canada, may need a passport or visa.

Special restrictions exist on crossing the border with pets, defensive sprays, alcohol, firewood, and purchases. All firearms must be declared! For specific requirements on crossing the border from the United States into Canada call (800) 320-0063. For information on crossing from Canada into the United States call (206) 553-4676.

There are three border crossing stations immediately adjacent to the park. Roosville, west of the park, is open 24 hours a day, year-round. Piegan/Carway, east of the park, is open year-round 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. Chief Mountain is open summer months only and has limited hours of operation. Trail Creek is closed until further notice.









Lodging

Various accommodations are available within the park. Visitors may choose from rooms in historic grand hotels dating back to the early 1900's, modern motel-type accommodations, rustic cabins, or backcountry chalets.

Lodges start to open in mid-May and some remain open until late-September. Reservations are encouraged! Accommodations fill early, especially for the peak months of July and August.



Reservations information

The Village Inn, Lake McDonald Lodge, Rising Sun Motor Inn, Swiftcurrent Motor Inn, and the Many Glacier Hotel are operated by Glacier Park, Inc. For information and reservations:

Glacier Park, Inc., 106 Cooperative Way, Suite 104, Kalispell, MT 59901, (406) 756-2444 For information and on-line reservations: www.glacierparkinc.com

For reservations at the Apgar Village Lodge:

Apgar Village Lodge, P.O. Box 398, West Glacier, MT 59936, (406) 888-5484 www.westglacier.com

Granite Park Chalet, accessible by trail only, operates as a hikers shelter from July through mid-September. Linen service is provided for those guests who do not want to carry a sleeping bag. All guests must bring their own food, cooking utensils, and water. Granite Park Chalet, c/o Glacier Wilderness Guides, Inc., P.O. Box 535-PS, West Glacier, MT 59936, (406) 387-5555 or (800) 521-7238 Reservations are required. www.glacierguides.com

Sperry Chalet, a rustic backcountry chalet, is accessible by trail only. Operates from July through mid-September. Services include overnight accommodations and food services. Sperry Chalet, c/o Belton Chalets, Inc., P.O. 188, West Glacier, MT 59936, (888) 345-2649 Reservations are required. www.ptinet.net/sperrychalet

Pets

To protect park wildlife and assure visitor safety, special regulations apply to pets. Pets are **only** allowed in drive-in campgrounds, along park roads open to motor vehicles, and in picnic areas. Kennels are available in several towns surrounding the park.

Pets must be on a leash no longer than 6 feet and under physical restraint or caged. They may not be left unattended for any length of time. Pet waste must be picked up and disposed of properly.

Pets are not allowed on trails!



Camping

Campgrounds in Glacier contain just over 1000 campsites. Most are available on a "first-come, first-served" basis. Advance reservations are available at Fish Creek and St. Mary campgrounds and may be reserved (starting January 5, 2001) through the National Park Service Reservation System by calling (800) 365-CAMP; or through a secure internet site at http://reservations.nps.gov.

It is illegal to camp outside designated campgrounds. You may be cited and/or fined for camping illegally.

Campsites are limited to 8 people, 2 tents, and 2 vehicles per site; and a stay of 7 days during July and August with a maximum of 14 days per calendar year. Most areas have drinking water, restrooms with flush toilets, and cold running water. Utility hookups are not provided.

Eleven group sites at Apgar and one each at Many Glacier, St. Mary, and Two Medicine campgrounds can accommodate parties of 9-24 people. All, except St. Mary, are operated on a "first-come, first-served" basis. The fee is \$3.00 a person per night.

Several campgrounds hold a limited number of hiker/biker sites until 9:00 p.m. for bicyclists, pedestrians, and motorcyclists. These sites have a capacity of 8 people and the fee is \$3.00 a person per night. Food lockers or hanging devices must be used (check with a ranger or campground host).

Showers are available for a fee at Rising Sun and Swiftcurrent Motor Inns, and at campgrounds outside the park.

Firewood collecting is not permitted in most areas of the park. Firewood may be purchased at campstores in the park.

						purchased at campstores in the park.		
Campground	Dates of operation	Daily fee U.S. funds	Number of sites	Maximum vehicle, or vehicle combination, length*	Flush toilets	Disposal station	Boat access	Special information
Apgar	May to October	\$14.00	196	25 sites accommodate up to 40'	Yes	Yes	Yes	1 3
Avalanche	mid-June to early September	\$14.00	87	50 sites accommodate up to 26'	Yes	Yes	No	3
Bowman Lake	mid-May to mid-September	\$12.00	48	RV's not recommended	No	No	Yes	1 2
Cut Bank	mid-May to mid-September	\$12.00	19	RV's not recommended	No	No	No	2
Fish Creek	June to early September	\$17.00	180	80 sites sites accommodate up to 26'	Yes	Yes	No	3 4
Kintla Lake	mid-May to mid-September	\$12.00	13	RV's not recommended	No	No	Yes	1 2
Logging Creek	July to early September	\$12.00	8	RV's not recommended	No	No	No	1 2
Many Glacier	mid-May to mid-September	\$14.00	110	13 sites accommodate up to 35'	Yes	Yes	Yes	1 3
Quartz Creek	July to early September	\$12.00	7	RV's not recommended	No	No	No	1 2
Rising Sun	mid-May to mid-September	\$14.00	83	3 sites accommodate up to 30'	Yes	Yes	Yes	3
Sprague Creek	mid-May to mid-September	\$14.00	25	No towed units - some sites up to 21'	Yes	No	No	3
St. Mary	mid-May to mid-September	\$17.00	148	25 sites accommodate up to 35'	Yes	Yes	No	1 3 4
Two Medicine	mid-May to mid-September	\$14.00	99	13 sites accommodate up to 32'	Yes	Yes	Yes	1 3

- 1. Primitive camping available after the listed dates, road conditions permitting. 2. Primitive campground accessible by dirt road only, large units not recommended.
- 3. Hiker/biker sites 4. Campground may be reserved in advance by calling (800)-365-CAMP or through the internet at reservations.nps.gov

 * The trailer and the towing unit combined must fit completely within the campaign. Once larger sites are filled, large RVs and trailers must
- * The trailer and the towing unit combined must fit completely within the campsite. Once larger sites are filled, large RVs and trailers must use a different campground.

Services and activities -- services generally available from late May through mid-September

Backcountry guides

Glacier Wilderness Guides has exclusive rights to offer guided day hikes and backpacking trips into the backcountry. For information contact:

Glacier Wilderness Guides, Inc. Box 535 West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 387-5555 (800) 521-7238

nttp://www.giacierguides.com

Boat trips & rentals

Narrated boat cruises are offered at Lake McDonald, Many Glacier, Rising Sun, and Two Medicine. Optional free guided hikes are offered in conjunction with some trips. Boat and canoe rentals are also available. For information contact: Glacier Park Boat Company P.O. Box 5262, Kalispell, MT 59903 (406) 257-2426

http://www.montanaweb.com/gpboats

Campstores and gift shops

Groceries and gifts are available at: Eddie's Campstore, The Cedar Tree, Schoolhouse Gifts, and the Montana House of Gifts at Apgar • Lake McDonald Lodge Gift Shop and Campstore at Lake McDonald • Many Glacier Hotel Gift Shop and Swiftcurrent Campstore in the Many Glacier valley • Rising Sun Campstore at Rising Sun • Two Medicine Campstore at Two Medicine.

Cash machines

Automatic Teller Machines (ATMs) are available in: West Glacier at the West Glacier Cafe and next to the Photo Shop • Apgar at The Cedar Tree Deli • Lake McDonald Lodge in the lobby • St. Mary at the St. Mary Lodge and the Park Cafe Store

- Many Glacier at the Many Glacier Hotel
- East Glacier at Glacier Park Lodge.

Guided bus tours

Narrated tours and shuttle services are offered by Glacier Park Inc.

For reservations and information contact: Glacier Park, Inc.

106 Cooperative Way, Suite 104, Kalispell, MT 59901 (406) 756-2444 http://www.glacierparkinc.com

Sun Tours offers interpretive tours in Glacier National Park from mid-June to September 30. Tours highlight Blackfeet culture and history relating to Glacier National Park's natural features. Tours begin from St. Mary, East Glacier, and Browning.

For reservation information, contact: **Sun Tours**

P. O. Box 234 East Glacier, MT 59434 (800) SUN-9220 or (406) 226-9220

Horseback rides

Mule Shoe Outfitters, LLC

Horseback rides are provided by Mule Shoe Outfitters at the following locations: Lake McDonald Lodge, Apgar, and Many Glacier Hotel. For information contact: Summer address & phone

P.O. Box 322
West Glacier, MT 59936
(406) 732-4203
Winter address & phone
P.O. Box 1108
Wickenberg, AZ 88358
(888) 684-2338 or (520) 684-2328
http://www.muleshoe.com

Restaurants

Food service is available at: Eddie's Restaurant in Apgar • Cedar Dining Room and Russell's Trails End Family Restaurant at Lake McDonald • Ptarmigan Dining Room and the Italian Garden Ristorante in the Many Glacier Valley • Two Dog Flats Mesquite Grill at Rising Sun • Snack Bar at Two Medicine Campstore.

Gasoline is not available within Glacier National Park boundaries. Be sure to fill up your gas tank before entering the park.

Raft trips

Raft trips are not available within Glacier. Many local rafting companies offer trips on the Middle and North Forks of the Flathead River, immediately adjacent to the park. For information contact the following companies:

Glacier Raft Company P.O. Box 210 West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 888-5454 or (800) 235-6781 http://www.glacierraftco.com

Great Northern Whitewater P.O. Box 278 West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 387-5340 or (800) 735-7897 http://www.gnwhitewater.com

Montana Raft Company P.O. Box 535-PS West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 387-5555 or (800) 521-RAFT http://www.glacierguides.com

Wild River Adventures P.O. Box 272 West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 387-9453 or (800) 700-7056 http://www.riverwild.com

Naturalist programs

Visitors, who wish to learn a little more about the park, may join a park ranger on one of the many guided activities. Several times daily, in locations around the park, rangers guide easy strolls, short half-day hikes, or vigorous all-day hikes.

Each evening, at major campgrounds, the campfire circle is the place to meet for programs on history, geology, bears, and a host of other topics to help visitors learn about and enjoy their park. Also, illustrated slide programs are offered nightly at Fish Creek Campground Amphitheater, St. Mary Visitor Center, Lake McDonald Lodge, and Many Glacier Hotel.

The Nature with a Naturalist publication lists ranger-led activities offered in the park. A Junior Ranger Program newspaper describes family activities. Free copies of these publications are available during the summer at visitor centers and entrance stations.

Naturalist programs are offered daily from mid-June through mid-September.

Visitor centers

Upon arriving at Glacier, stop at one of the park's visitor centers to obtain current information on the park. Rangers are on duty to answer questions, and bookstores offer a wide variety of publications and maps to help orient you to the park's spectacular attractions.

Apgar Visitor Center

Open weekends November to mid-April Open daily late April to October

St. Mary Visitor Center

Open daily mid-May to mid-October

Logan Pass Visitor Center

Open mid-June to mid-October (depending on snow conditions)

Many Glacier Ranger Station

Open daily early June to mid-September

Park Headquarters

Open weekdays 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. (year-round, except Federal holidays)

Hiking

Over half of the visitors to Glacier report taking a hike. That's a lot of hikers, but over 700 miles of trail provide many outstanding opportunities for short hikes, strenuous day hikes, or extended backpacking trips.

Nature trails

Brochures and signs guide visitors on Glacier's five self-guided trails. The Trail of the Cedars, Huckleberry Mountain, Hidden Lake, Sun Point, Running Eagle Falls, and Swiftcurrent Nature Trails encourage hikers to experience Glacier National Park at their own pace. The Trail of the Cedars, Running Eagle Falls, and Oberlin Bend are wheelchair accessible.

Day hikes

Good day hikes are plentiful, and free maps of popular trails are available at park visitor centers. Visitor center bookstores carry a complete line of trail guides, topographic maps, and field guides to aid the hiker. Publications are also available by mail. Call the Glacier Natural History Association at (406) 888-5756 to request a catalog or place an order. Credit cards are welcome.

Backcountry camping

Hikers planning to camp overnight in Glacier's backcountry must obtain a backcountry use permit. Backcountry permits may be reserved in advance, in person, or by mail. For information on obtaining a backcountry reservation, check our website at: http://www.nps.gov/glac or you may write or call:

Backcountry Permits, Glacier National Park, West Glacier, Montana 59936 (406) 888-7800

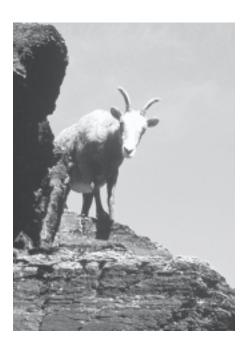
Other services

- Glacier Park, Inc. offers daily shuttle service along the Going-to-the-Sun Road from July through early September. A morning hikers shuttle is available from the Many Glacier Hotel to trailheads along the Going-to-the-Sun Road at Siyeh Bend, Logan Pass, and the Loop. Hikers should inquire at hotel desks.
- Glacier Wilderness Guides offers guided day hikes and backpacking trips into the backcountry of Glacier National Park. See details on page 2.
- Glacier Institute offers educational programs which include short to moderate hikes.
 See details on page 6.

Bicycling

Bicycles are not allowed on foot trails. Bicyclists must observe all traffic regulations, keep to the right side of the road, and ride single file.

From June 15 through Labor Day, the section of the Going-to-the-Sun Road from Apgar to Sprague Creek Campground is closed to bicycles between 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. From Logan Creek to Logan Pass, eastbound bicycling is prohibited between 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. Allow 45 minutes to ride from Sprague Creek to Logan Creek and three hours from Logan Creek to Logan Pass. **Roads are narrow; please ride safely.**



Fishing

Fishing in Glacier National Park does not require a license, but there are regulations governing fishing that need to be followed. The general park fishing season is from the third Saturday in May to November 30. Several park streams are either closed to fishing or are catch-andrelease only. Stop at a visitor center to obtain a copy of the regulations.

Fishing from mid-channel to the west bank of the North Fork of the Flathead and all of the Middle Fork of the Flathead requires a Montana fishing license. The Blackfeet Reservation, just east of the park, requires their own fishing permit.

Going-to-the-Sun Road

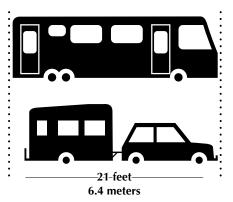
A trip over the Going-to-the-Sun Road provides a memorable park experience. Completed in 1932, this 52-mile road combines both history and unparalleled scenery. It bisects the heart of Glacier. Its construction made accessible the remote backcountry of the park to everyone. While portions of this scenic route remain open year-round, the higher sections are generally open between late May and late June, and close the third Monday in October, unless closed earlier by snowfall.

To help reduce congestion along this narrow winding road, vehicle size restrictions are in effect. Over time, it became apparent that the road was not designed for the number or size of today's vehicles. Larger vehicles frequently had difficulty negotiating the sharp corners and often caused considerable traffic delays. To allow for a safe and enjoyable experience, vehicle size restrictions are in effect at all times.

Going-to-the-Sun Road size restrictions

Vehicles, and vehicle combinations, longer than 21 feet and wider than 8 feet, are prohibited between Avalanche Campground and the Sun Point parking area. Stock trucks and trailers are able to access Packers Roost and Siyeh Bend.

To give every visitor the opportunity to experience this engineering marvel, alternative transportation is available by contacting the companies listed on page 2.





Driving in the park

The roads of Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park offer access to some of the most spectacular mountain scenery in the world.

Take time to enjoy the views. If more than four vehicles stack up behind you, please use a pullout to let them pass safely. Be aware of wildlife along the roads, especially at dusk or at night. Animals often dart out in front of vehicles. Please watch for and give the right of way to children and pedestrians. **Obey the posted speed limit at all times.**

Road Construction

Due to the long snowy winters and late spring thaw, road construction/repair can only be accomplished in the summer months. All construction activities in the park are undertaken with care to insure that visitors are inconvenienced as little as possible.

Visiting Logan Pass

A drive over Logan Pass is spectacular. The Going-to-the-Sun Road provides access to the alpine zone for vast numbers of people who otherwise would not be able to enjoy this beautiful, yet fragile, section of the park. However, with increased visitation it becomes more difficult every year to accommodate the growing number of park visitors. Frequently, in July and August, the parking lot at Logan Pass fills beyond capacity and visitors are forced to drive on without stopping. To avoid the crowds, plan on visiting Logan Pass early in the day or late in the afternoon. Most guided tours also stop at Logan Pass.



Wild Goose Island in St. Mary Lake

Boating

Boating is permitted on most park waters. Motorized watercraft are only permitted on Lake McDonald, Waterton, Sherburne, and St. Mary Lakes. Motorized craft are also permitted on Bowman and Two Medicine Lakes, but are limited to ten horsepower or less.

Personal floatation devices must be carried for every person on board. Personal watercraft (jet skis) are prohibited on all park waters.

To protect nesting Harlequin Ducks, the section of Upper McDonald Creek between Mineral Creek and Lake McDonald is closed to boating and floating.

Important Information

National Park Service U.S. Department of the Interior (406) 888-7800 www.nps.gov/glac/home.htm

rain

rain

11

snow snow snow

●Extreme high & low

rain

What's the weather like?

Waterton-Glacier's summer weather is as varied as its landscape. The western valleys generally receive the most rainfall, but daytime temperatures can exceed 90 degrees F. It is frequently 10 to 15 degrees cooler at higher elevations. Strong winds and sunny days often predominate on the east side of the park. Overnight lows throughout the park can drop to near 20 degrees F, and snow can fall anytime. In August of 1992, a foot of snow fell on the northeastern corner of Glacier.

Prepare for a variety of conditions and pack accordingly. You may start the day in a T-shirt and shorts, and need a parka by evening. Dress in layers. Always bring raingear.

The weather data shown here was collected over the last ten years at Park Headquarters in West Glacier, at an elevation of 3200 ft. Temperatures and rainfall amounts can be much different in other parts of Glacier.



Lake McDonald

Wildlife viewing

All animals can present a very real and painful threat, especially females with young. Enjoy wildlife from the safety of your car or from a safe distance. You know you are too close if the animal detects your presence and moves, or if it appears disturbed. Feeding, harassing, or molesting wildlife is strictly prohibited and subject to fine.

Maintain a safe distance for yourself and the animal at all times. Always photograph wildlife with a telephoto lens (400mm or longer). A photographer was killed in Glacier in 1987 after approaching grizzly bears too closely.

Photography

Special regulations govern commercial photography and filming. In Glacier, a commercial photography permit is required if photography is for advertising a product or service; uses models, sets, or props; creates a disruption to visitors; or may damage park resources.

In Glacier, obtain permits and further information on commercial photography by calling (406) 888-7800.

In Waterton Lakes National Park, commercial photographers need to contact the Superintendent's Office for information at 403-859-2224.

Help prevent crime! When you leave your vehicle or campsite, secure all valuables out of plain view. If you observe suspicious activity, contact a ranger as soon as possible.

Important park regulations

Regulations are designed to protect park resources and preserve the quality of your visit. Park rangers and wardens strictly enforce park regulations.

- Feeding or disturbing wildlife is against park regulations.
- Removal of any natural or cultural feature like flowers, rocks, artifacts, or antlers is prohibited.
- Picking of berries (including huckleberries) is limited to one quart per person.
- Picking of mushrooms is prohibited.
- Loaded firearms are not allowed in the park. Unloaded firearms may be transported in a vehicle if the weapon is cased, broken down or rendered inoperable, and kept out of sight.
- Open containers of alcohol in a motor vehicle are prohibited.
- Seat belts, or the appropriate child restraint system, must be worn by all occupants of motor vehicles.

Did you know?

Water hazards

Swift, cold glacial streams and rivers, moss-covered rocks, and slippery logs all present dangers. Children, avid photographers, boaters, rafters, swimmers, hikers, and fishermen have fallen victim to these rapid, frigid waters.

Use extreme caution near water. Avoid wading in or fording swift-flowing streams, and never walk, play, or climb on slippery rocks and logs, especially near waterfalls.

When boating, don't stand up or lean over the side, and always wear a lifejacket.

Hypothermia

Hypothermia, the "progressive physical collapse and reduced mental capacity resulting from the chilling of the inner core of the human body," can occur even at temperatures above freezing. Sudden mountain storms can change a warm and pleasant hike into a drenching, bitterly cold and life-threatening experience. Temperatures can drop rapidly. People in poor physical shape or who are exhausted are particularly at risk.

Prevention

- Prevent hypothermia by wear water resistant clothing before becoming wet.
- Wear clothing that wicks moisture away from the skin.
- Minimize wind exposure and if your clothes become wet, replace them.
- Avoid sweating by dressing in layers, rather than in a single bulky garment.
- Pack a sweater, warm hat, and raingear for any hike.

Mountain lionsTake precautions to avoid an accidental

Ave. precipitation 3.25"

of days with rain

70 60

-40

16

Average snowfall 35.4" 16.8" 14.8" 3.1"

rain rain

snow snow snow

rain

2

rain

Range of average high and low temperatures

rain

0

snow snow

rain

0

snow

rain

0

snow snow

rain

0

Average number

precipitation

Pake precautions to avoid an accidental encounter with a lion. Don't hike alone. Make noise to avoid surprising a lion and keep children close to you at all times. If you do encounter a lion, do not run. Unlike with bears, if attack seems imminent, act aggressively. Do not crouch and do not turn away. Lions may be scared away by being struck with rocks or sticks, or by being kicked or hit.

Lions are primarily nocturnal, but they have attacked in broad daylight. They rarely prey on humans, but such behavior occasionally does occur. Children and small adults are particularly vulnerable.

Mountainous terrain

Many accidents occur when people fall after stepping off trails or roadsides, or by venturing onto very steep slopes. Stay on designated trails and don't go beyond protective fencing or guard rails. Supervise children closely in such areas. At upper elevations, trails should be followed carefully, noting directions given by trail signs and markers.

Snow and ice

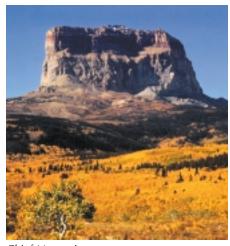
Snowfields and glaciers present serious hazards. Snowbridges may conceal deep crevasses on glaciers or large hidden cavities under snowfields, and collapse under the weight of an unsuspecting hiker. Don't slide on snowbanks. People often lose control and slide into rocks or trees. Exercise caution around any snowfield in the park.

Giardia

Giardiasis can be caused by a parasite (*Giardia lamblia*) found in park lakes and streams. Persistent, severe diarrhea, abdominal cramps and nausea are the main symptoms of this disease. If you experience any symptoms, contact a physician. When hiking, carry water from one of the park's treated water systems. If you plan to camp in the backcountry, follow recommendations received with your permit. The easiest effective water treatments are either to bring water to a boil or to use an approved water filter.

Medical services

If you are injured or suddenly become ill while visiting the parks, please contact a warden or ranger for information and assistance. Hospitals are available in the following communities around the park: Cardston and Pincher Creek, Alberta and in Cut Bank, Kalispell, Whitefish, and Choteau, Montana.



Chief Mountain

Ticks

Ticks are most active in spring and early summer. Most bites don't result in illness, but several serious diseases, like Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever, can be transmitted. Completely remove attached tick and disinfect the site. If rashes or lesions form around the bite, or if unexplained symptoms occur, consult a physician.

Hantavirus

Deer mice and other rodents (including ground squirrels) are possible carriers of a newly recognized acute respiratory disease. It affects the lungs and is caused by a virus of the Hantavirus family. The most likely source of infection is from rodent urine and droppings inhaled as aerosols or dust.

Avoid areas where rodents may congregate such as burrows or nests. Try to camp away from possible rodent burrows or shelters (garbage dumps and woodpiles), and keep food in rodent-proof containers.

Initial symptoms are almost identical to the onset of flu. If you have potentially been exposed and exhibit flu-like symptoms, you should seek medical care immediately.

Hiking in Bear Country

Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park provides a wonderful opportunity to view animals in their natural setting. Along with this opportunity comes a special obligation for the visitor. With just a little planning and forethought, hikers can also help ensure the survival of a protected threatened species.

Don't Surprise Bears!

Bears will usually move out of the way if they hear people approaching, so make noise. Most bells are not loud enough. Calling out or clapping hands loudly at regular intervals are better ways to make your presence known. Hiking quietly endangers you, the bear, and other hikers.

When bears charge hikers, the trail may be temporarily closed for public safety. While the trail remains closed, other visitors miss the opportunity to enjoy it. A bear constantly surprised by people may become habituated to close human contact and less likely to avoid people. This sets up a dangerous situation for both visitors and bears.

Don't Make Assumptions!

You can't predict when and where bears might be encountered along a trail. People often assume they don't have to make noise while hiking on a well-used trail. Some of the most frequently used trails in the park are surrounded by excellent bear habitat. People have been charged and injured by bears fleeing from silent hikers who unwittingly surprised bears along the trail. Even if other hikers haven't seen bears along a trail section recently, don't assume there are no bears present.

Don't assume a bear's hearing is any better than your own. Some trail conditions make it hard for bears to see, hear, or smell approaching hikers. Be particularly careful by streams, against the wind, or in dense vegetation. A blind corner or a rise in the trail also requires special attention.

Keep children close by. If possible, hike in groups and avoid hiking early in the morning, late in the day, or after dark. Do not hike alone.

Inform Yourself About Bears

Park staff can help you identify signs of bear activity such as tracks, torn-up logs, diggings, trampled vegetation, droppings, and overturned rocks. Bears spend a lot of time eating, so avoid hiking in obvious feeding areas like berry patches, cow parsnip thickets, or fields of glacier lilies.

Don't Approach Bears!

Never intentionally get close to a bear! Individual bears have their own personal space requirements which vary depending on their mood. Each will react differently and their behavior can't be predicted. All bears are dangerous and should be respected equally.

Leaving food, packs, coolers, or garbage unattended, even for a few minutes, sets up a potentially dangerous situation. Bears are intelligent and learn very quickly how to obtain human food. Bears that obtain human food may have to be destroyed.

If You Encounter a Bear?

A commonly asked question is "What do I do if I run into a bear?" There is no easy answer. Like people, bears react differently to each situation. The best thing you can do is to make sure you have read all the suggestions for hiking and camping in bear country and follow them. Avoid encounters by being alert and making

Bears may appear tolerant of people and then attack without warning. A bear's body language can help determine its mood. In general, bears show agitation by swaying their heads, huffing, and clacking their teeth. Lowered head and laid-back ears also indicate aggression. Bears may stand on their hind legs or approach to get a better view, but these actions are not necessarily signs of aggression. The bear may not have identified you as a person and is unable to smell or hear you from a distance.

Rear Attacks

Almost 2 million people visit Waterton-Glacier yearly, and it seems that one or two bear attacks occur each year. The vast majority of these occur because people have surprised the bear. In this type of situation the bear may attack as a defensive maneuver.

If you surprise a bear, here are a few guidelines to follow that may help:

- Talk quietly or not at all; the time to make loud noise is before you encounter a bear. Try to detour around the bear if possible.
- Do not run! Back away slowly, but stop if it seems to agitate the bear.
- Assume a nonthreatening posture. Turn sideways, or bend at the knees to appear smaller. • Use peripheral vision. Bears appear to interpret direct eye contact as threatening.
- Drop something (not food) to distract the bear. Keep your pack on for protection in case
- of an attack.
- If a bear attacks and you have pepper spray, use it!
- If the bear makes contact, protect your chest and abdomen by falling to the ground on your stomach, or assuming a fetal position to reduce the severity of an attack. Cover the back of your neck with your hands. Do not move until you are certain the bear has left.

In rare cases bears may attack at night or after stalking people.

This kind of attack is very rare but can be very serious because it often means the bear is looking for food and preying on you.

• If you are attacked at night or if you feel you have been stalked and attacked as prey, try to escape. If you can not escape, or if the bear follows, use pepper spray, or shout and try to intimidate the bear with a branch or rock. Do whatever it takes to let the bear know you are not easy prey.



Black Bear

What Kind of Bear is That?

Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park is home to both black and grizzly bears. Even for experts, it is often difficult to distinguish between the species. The following clues will help to tell the species apart:

Color

Color is not a reliable indicator of species. Contrary to their name, black bears also come in brown, cinnamon and blond. Grizzlies range from blond to nearly black. Grizzlies sometimes have silver-tipped guard hairs that give them a "grizzled" appearance.

Physical features

Grizzly bears often have a dished-in face and a large hump of heavy muscle above the shoulders. Their claws are around four inches (10 cm) long.

A black bear's facial profile is much straighter from tip of nose to ears, without the dished-in look (see photo above). Black bears lack the distinctive hump of a grizzly and have shorter claws, generally around one and a half inches (4 cm) long.

Roadside Bears

It's exciting to see bears up close but we must act responsibly to keep them wild and alive. Do not approach bears for pictures or entice them to come closer. Never feed bears! Bears that receive human food may have to be destroyed.

If you see a bear from your car, stay inside. Leaving your vehicle endangers your safety and the bear's, and exposes you to traffic hazards. If traffic is heavy, keep your eyes on the road and don't stop. Accept the fact that, while your passengers may get a quick look, you may not. If traffic is light, slow down and pull over when it is safe to do so. Don't stop in the middle of the road, or close to a hill or curve where other drivers may not see you in time to avoid a collision. Exercising some common sense during the excitement of sighting a bear is important to you, the bear, and other visitors.

Camping & Bears

Odors attract bears. Our campground and developed areas can remain "unattractive" to bears if each visitor manages food and trash properly. Regulations require that all edibles (including pet food), food containers (empty or not), and cookware (clean or not) be stored in a hard-sided vehicle or food locker when not in use, day or night.

- Keep a clean camp! Improperly stored or unattended food may result in confiscation of items and issuance of a Violation Notice.
- Inspect campsites for bear sign and for careless campers nearby. Notify a ranger or warden of potential problems.
- Place all trash in bearproof containers.
- Pets, especially dogs, must be kept under physical restraint.
- Report all bear sightings to the nearest ranger or warden immediately.



Pepper Spray

This aerosol pepper derivative triggers temporarily incapacitating discomfort in bears. It is a non-toxic and non-lethal means of deterring bears.

There have been cases where pepper spray apparently repelled aggressive or attacking bears and accounts where it has not worked as well as expected.

Factors influencing effectiveness include distance, wind, rainy weather, temperature extremes, and product shelf life.

If you decide to carry spray, use it only in situations where aggressive bear behavior justifies its use. Pepper spray is intended to be sprayed into the face of an oncoming bear. It is not intended to act as a repellant. Do not spray gear or around camp with pepper spray. Under no circumstances should pepper spray create a false sense of security or serve as a substitute for standard safety precautions in bear country.

Be aware that you may not be able to cross the U.S./Canada border with pepper spray; check before attempting.

The Glacier Institute

The Institute is dedicated to the belief that education is the chief means of preserving respect for the past and shaping a vision for the future. The non-profit Glacier Institute presents seminars, workshops, college-credit courses, school programs, and youth camps based out of an in-park field camp and the Big Creek Field Camp nearby.

The Institute provides high quality, well-balanced educational experiences for children and adults, emphasizing a hands-on, field-oriented approach to learning, lasting from one

Summer field seminars provide adults and children over 10 with in-depth educational experiences in subjects as diverse as grizzly bear ecology, wildflower identification, watercolor painting, photography, and Blackfeet culture. For upcoming course information or a catalog contact:

Glacier Institute, P.O. Box 7457, Kalispell, MT 59904, Phone (406) 755-1211 http://www.digisys.net/glacinst/

The Glacier Fund

The Glacier Fund is a subsidiary of the National Park Foundation, the official nonprofit partner of the National Park Service. The Glacier Fund accepts donations for various projects that support environmental education, historic building restoration, wildlife research, and trail maintenance. A restricted account for the back country chalets, Granite and Sperry, is also available to assist with restoration projects at those historic sites. Further information and/or contribution details are available by contacting:

The Glacier Fund **Glacier National Park** West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 888-7910

http://www.nps.gov/glac/partners/glacfund.htm

Glacier National Park Associates

The Glacier National Park Associates is an all-volunteer, non-profit organization that assists with trail work, historic log structure preservation, and other projects that the park does not have adequate funding to complete. Volunteers complete at least one major project yearly, involving three to five days in the backcountry.

The Associates manage the Backcountry Preservation Fund. This fund supports a backcountry ranger intern who works for 12 weeks in the park's backcountry.

The Associates also manage a backcountry preservation fund. Contributions from backcountry users are used to purchase supplies and materials ranging from bear-proof boxes to computer equipment. Donations and members are welcome.

Glacier National Park Associates, Box 91, Kalispell, MT 59903 Phone (406) 752-7757 http://www.nps.gov/glac/partners/ gnpa.htm

Cosley Lake

National Geographic

Glacier and Waterton

This topographic look at

along with general back-

features wildlife descriptions

country information on both

parks. Approximate scale 1:

143,000. Two detail maps

focus on the Many Glacier

and Two Medicine areas of

and tearproof. 26' x 33' \$9.95

Short Hikes and Strolls in Glacier

Glacier Natural History Association

distance from a half mile to almost four

ing natural history highlights. Includes

miles. Trail descriptions contain interest-

simple-to-read trail maps. 46 pages **\$5.95**

Road Guide, Glacier and Waterton Lakes

Describes scenic walks ranging in

Approximate scale 1:84,000. Waterproof

Glacier National Park.

National Park

National Parks

Thomas Schmidt

This compact book navigates

motorists anywhere they can

drive in Glacier and Waterton

Lakes National Parks. Names

drive past and mentions the

the mountain peaks you'll

Trails Illustrated Topo Map of Glacier

and Waterton Lakes National Parks

Information on areas surrounding the park

If your plans to visit Glacier include stops in other parts of Montana and Alberta you may wish to contact the following organizations for trip planning information.

Montana

National Park Areas

National Park Service Website http://www.nps.gov

Big Hole National Battlefield (406) 689-3155

Bighorn Canyon Natl. Recreation Area (406) 666-2412

Fort Union Trading Post National **Historic Site**

(406) 572-9083

Grant-Kohrs Ranch National Historic Site (406) 846-3388

Little Bighorn Battlefield National Monument

(406) 638-2621

Nez Perce National Historical Park

(208) 843-2261

Yellowstone National Park (406) 344-7381

National Forests

Flathead National Forest (406) 758-5204 **Kootenai National Forest** (406) 293-6211 **Lewis & Clark National Forest** (406) 791-7700

Travel Montana

For a complete listing of accommodations and services throughout the State of Montana, visit Travel Montana's website. www.visitmt.com (800) 847-4868

Blackfeet Indian Reservation

Immediately east of Glacier National Park lies the home of the Blackfeet Nation. Visit their official website. www.blackfeetnation.com

Area Chambers of Commerce

Glacier-Waterton Visitors Association P.O. Box 96, West Glacier, MT 59936 Flathead Convention & Visitor Association www.fcvb.org (800) 543-3105

Bigfork, MT www.bigfork.org

406-837-5888

Columbia Falls, MT www.columbiafallschamber.com 406-892-2072

Cut Bank, MT

406-873-4041

Kalispell, MT www.kalispellchamber.com

406-758-2800

Whitefish, MT whitefishchamber.com 406-862-3501

Alberta

Travel Alberta

For a listing of accommodations and services throughout the Province of Alberta, visit Travel Alberta's website. www.explorealberta.com 800-661-8888

Area Chambers of Commerce Calgary, Alberta

www.calgarychamber.com

403-750-0400

Lethbridge, Alberta www.lethchamber.org/activiti.htm

Waterton Park, Alberta www.watertonchamber.com 403-859-2252



Glacier Natural History Association

Bookstores in Glacier National Park visitor centers are operated by the Glacier Natural History Association (GNHA). This non-profit organization works with the National Park Service to assist Glacier's educational and interpretive activities, cultural programs, and special projects related to visitor services. A percentage of proceeds from book sales are donated to the park each year. GNHA has bookstores in seven locations: Apgar, Logan Pass, and St. Mary visitor centers, and Polebridge, Two Medicine, Many Glacier and Goat Haunt ranger stations.

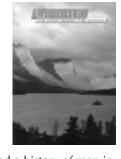
GNHA members receive a 15% discount on items purchased at any of their stores, through their mail order business, and at many other national park visitor centers. Catalogs and membership information are available at sales locations and by contacting: GNHA, Box 310, West Glacier MT 59936, Phone (406) 888-5756 http://www.nps.gov/glac/gnha.htm

■ For further trip planning information

A number of publications available through the Glacier Natural History Association will help in planning your trip. The following selections are just a few of the many publications available in person or by mail. Contact GNHA at the number above to order these or other publications or maps.

Glacier, The Story Behind the Scenery

Kathleen Ahlenslager Dazzling photography and a fact-filled text make this a favorite with visitors to Glacier National Park. Covers a broad spectrum of topics including geology, diverse



flora and wildlife, and a history of man in Glacier. Companion volume to Glacier the Continuing Story. 48 pages \$7.95

Hiker's Guide to Glacier National Park

Glacier Natural History Association This guide profiles 25 of Glacier National Park's guaranteed to lure you into the backcountry. Includes natural history tidbits, trail maps, and

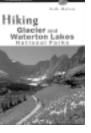


trail profile graphs. Ranging from easy to strenuous, this handy book has something for everyone.

110 pages **\$10.95**

Hiking Glacier and Waterton Lakes National Parks

Frik Molvar Detailing more than 50 backcountry outings ranging from 2 miles to 38 miles; this guide gives mile-by-mile descriptions, maps, photographs, and trail profile graphs. Ranging from easy to strenuous, this handy book has something for everyone. 215 pages **\$14.95**



wildlife that may cross your path. Contains easy-to-read maps and wonderful historic photographs. 96 pages **\$5.95**

A glorious full-color photographic tour of Glacier National Park. Showcases Glacier's spectacular scenery and its abundant wildflowers and wildlife. The interpretive text offers just enough information to satisfy a newcomer's

Glacier, The Continuing Story Cindy Nielsen

curiosity. 48 pages \$7.95

Waterton Lakes National Park

Camping and hiking

Auto camping

Waterton's three campgrounds provide almost 400 campsites.

- The Townsite Campground has 238 sites, including 95 fully-serviced. Fees vary depending on the service provided. Fires permitted in picnic shelter stoves.
- The Crandell Campground has 129 semi-serviced sites, and is located just off the Red Rock Parkway.
- Belly River Campground, located on the Chief Mountain Highway, has 24 unserviced sites. Reservations can be made in advance for the group sites at Belly River. Call (403) 859-2224 for information.

Backcountry camping

An overnight wilderness pass is mandatory, and available from the Visitor Reception Centre. A per person fee is charged for those over 18. Passes are issued up to 24 hours in advance on a first-come, first-served basis. Some wilderness sites will be available through advance reservations, according to established guidelines. Call (403) 859-2224.

A quota system for wilderness campground use and group size is applied to control use, minimize impact on the land, and maximize your wilderness experience.

Waterton's 13 designated wilderness campgrounds offer dry toilets and surface water supply. Some have shelters and horse facilities.

Hiking the trails

There are 255km (191 miles) of trails in Waterton Lakes National Park. They range in difficulty from a short stroll to steep treks of several days duration. Trails are provided for a variety of users, including hikers, horse riders and bicyclists. Watch for information signs at the trail head for the type of use permitted. Trails in Waterton also lead to extensive trail systems in Montana's Glacier National Park and in British Columbia's Akamina-Kishenina Provincial Park.



Waterton Lake

Scenic drives

The Entrance Road provides 8 kilometres (5 miles) of magnificent views that beautifully illustrate the park's theme, "where the mountains meet the prairie." Colourful prairie flowers and grasses, and the glittering blue chain of the Waterton Lakes are set against a mountain backdrop. The sight of the historic Prince of Wales Hotel, on a knoll above the lakes, indicates you will soon arrive at our lakeside townsite.

The Akamina Highway begins near the townsite and runs for 16km (10 miles) along the Cameron Valley. Points of interest include the site of western Canada's first producing oil well, the Oil City site, and scenic Cameron Lake.

The Red Rock Parkway meanders over rolling prairie and through the Blakiston Valley. It ends at the strikingly coloured rocks and cascading creeks of Red Rock Canyon, a distance of 15km (9 miles). The drive features views of magnificent mountains, including Mt. Blakiston, the park's highest peak.

The Chief Mountain Highway is the primary route between Waterton Lakes and Glacier National Parks. The highway climbs from the grasslands near Maskinonge Lake to a viewpoint giving a magnificent vista of the Front Range of the Rockies and Waterton Valley. Enroute from the border crossing, the road traverses fields and forests, dotted with wetlands created by Crooked Creek.

The Bison Paddock, near the north entrance to the park off Highway 6, features a small herd of plains bison, maintained to commemorate the larger herds that once roamed freely in this area. The bison can be seen while driving a narrow road through the paddock. Please do not leave your vehicles. The road is not suitable for vehicles with trailers.

Other attractions in Waterton

Cameron Falls

Located in the townsite, this picturesque waterfall is created as Cameron Creek falls from its valley into the deeper Waterton Valley.

The Akamina Pass Trail

This trail leads from the Akamina Parkway in Alberta to British Columbia's Akamina-Kishinena Provincial Park. Backcountry camping is available. A British Columbia fishing license is required and may be purchased only at the Waterton Visitor Reception Centre. Information is available from BC Parks (604) 422-3212.

The Maskinonge

The park's diversity of habitats are home to a great variety of birds. The Maskinonge area is particularly rich in bird life. In spring and summer, look for birds around Linnet Lake, Cameron Lake and along the Wishbone Trail.

Wildlife and wildflowers

Bears, deer, elk, and bighorn sheep can be seen throughout the park, particularly in prairie areas. Sheep and deer frequent the townsite.

Fall is probably the best time for wildlife watching. The larger animals come down from their summer ranges and waterfowl are on their migratory routes through the park.

Wildflowers can be seen in the park at almost any season except winter. In spring and early summer, prairie wildflower displays are particularly rich. In late summer and early fall, wildflowers are blooming at the higher elevations.

Goat Haunt

Goat Haunt, located in Glacier National Park at the south end of Upper Waterton Lake, is accessible from Waterton by both trail and boat. Goat Haunt features an International Peace Park Pavilion and a U.S. ranger station. Visitors staying overnight must report to a ranger.

Park regulations

Please leave rocks, fossils, horns, antlers, wildflowers, nests, and other natural and historic objects undisturbed so that others may discover and enjoy them. Removal of such objects is subject to fines.

- ALL wild animals can be dangerous. It is unlawful to feed, entice or touch park wildlife.
- Pets must remain on a leash at all times while in the parks. Pets, on a leash, are allowed on trails in Waterton Lakes National Park.
- Camping is permitted only in designated areas, as marked by signs.
- Permits are required for backcountry camping.
- Motorcylists must wear a helmet.
- Clean up after all activities and dispose of litter.
- Collection of dead or downed wood is unlawful except in some specific wilderness area situations.

Services and activities -- services generally available from May through September

Lodging

The Aspen Village Inn - 1-888-859-8669

• Bayshore Inn & Convention Centre - 403-859-2211
• Crandell Mountain Lodge - 403-859-2288
• El Cortez Motel - 403-859-2366
• Historic Kilmorey Lodge - 1-888-859-8669
• The Waterton Lakes Lodge - 403-859-2151 or 1-888-98LODGE(5-6343)
• Northland Lodge - 403-859-2353, off-season 403-653-4275
• Prince of Wales Hotel - in Canada phone 403-236-3400; in U.S. 406-756-2444
• Stanley Hotel - 403-859-2335
• Waterton Glacier Suites - 403-859-2004

Clothing, Crafts, Gift Shops

Akamina Clothing, Gifts - 403-859-2361
• Bayshore Gift Shop • Beargrass
Boutique - 403-859-2240 • Caribou
Clothes - 403-859-2346 • Evergreen Gifts
- 403-859-2345 • Gifts in Zum's • Pat's •
Prince of Wales Gift Shop • R & W and
Company • Trail of the Great Bear Gift
Shop - 403-859-2009

Eating Facilities

Baby Bear Fast Food - 403-859-2211 • The Big Scoop - Ice Cream Parlour - 403-859-2211, ext. 304 • Kootenai Brown Dining Room - 403-859-2211, ext. 305 • Lamp Post Dining Room - 1-888-859-8669 • The Little Italian Café - 403-859-0003 • New Frank's Restaurant - 403-859-2240 • Prince of Wales Hotel - 403-859-2231 • Souper Sub • The Waterton Bagel & Coffee Co. and Summer Thoughts Ice Cream Shoppe • Zum's Eatery & Mercantile - 403-859-2388

Lounges

Prince of Wales Hotel Lounge

Sporting Supplies and Hardware

Pat's Fishing, Camping and R.V.

Book Stores & Photo Supplies

Borderline Books • Waterton Natural History Association Bookstores - 403-859-2267

Scenic Boat Tours

Waterton Inter-Nation Shoreline Cruises - 403-859-2362

Hiking Tours

Canadian Wilderness Tours - 1-888-859-8669 • Heritage Education Program - 403-859-2624

Bike and Boat Rentals

Pat's Cycle Rental - 403-859-2266

Religious Services

All Saints Anglican - Episcopal Church • Catholic Church • L.D.S. • United Church (Congregational, Methodist, Presbyterian, Union)

Service Stations

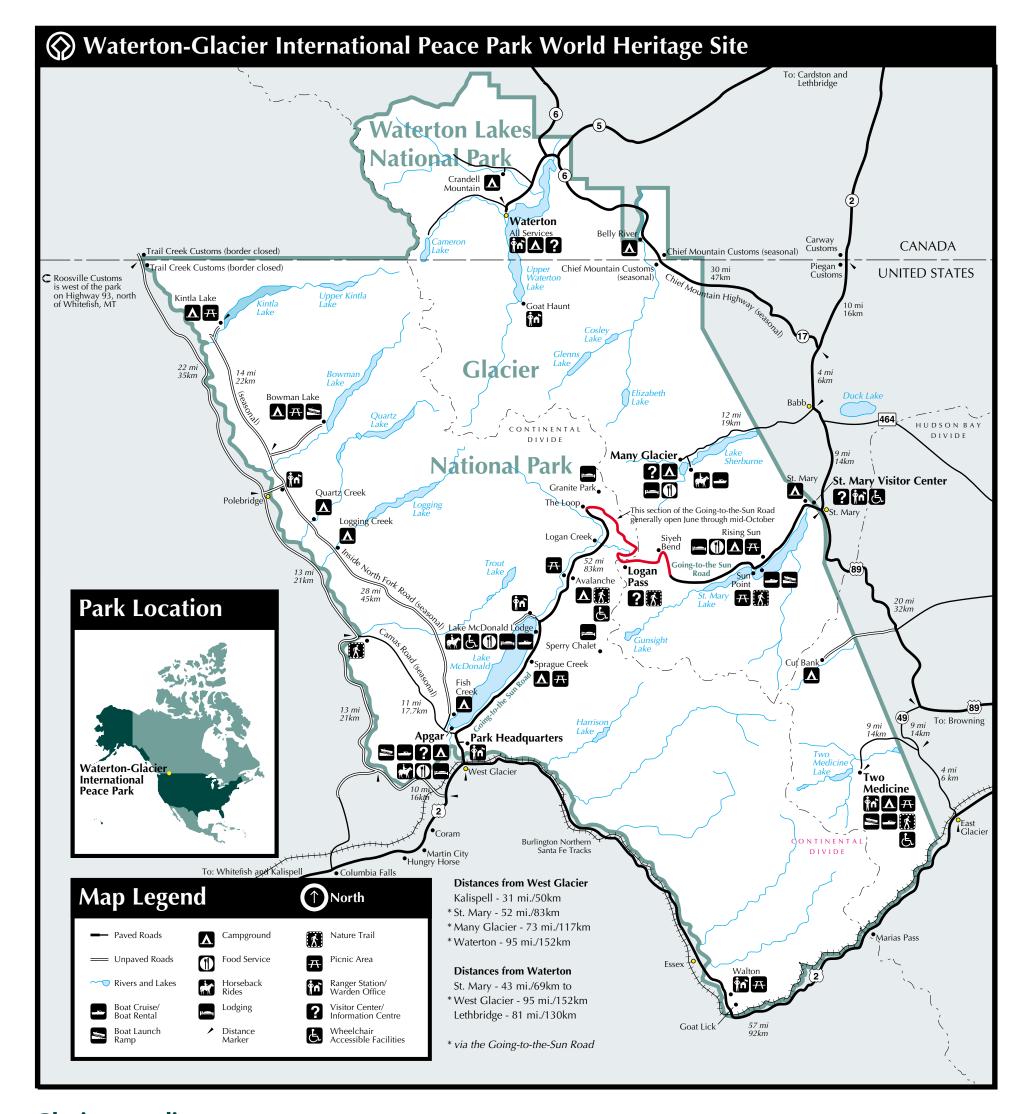
Pat's CAA/AAA Affiliated - 403-859-2266

Other Facilities & Services

A Central Reservation Service - 1-800-215-2395 • Alpine Stables - 403-859-2462 • Cash machine • Museum and Art Gallery - 403-859-2267 • Pat's - movie rentals • Waterton Health Club and Recreation Center - 403-859-2151 • Waterton Natural History Association -403-859-2624 • Waterton Lakes National Park Public Golf course - 403-859-2114 • Waterton Lakes Opera House

Private Campgrounds

Crooked Creek Campground - 403-653-1100



Glacier at a glimpse

Apgar - elev. 3200 ft.

Apgar services are generally available mid-May through October and include: boat rentals, campground, campstore, gift shops, horseback rides, picnic area, restaurants, and a visitor center. Lodging is available at the Village Inn and the Apgar Village Lodge.

Goat Haunt - elev. 4200 ft.

Reached only by boat or foot, Goat Haunt Ranger Station is open daily (limited hours) in summer. Exhibits, restrooms, camping (permit required) and picnicking are available.

Lake McDonald - elev. 3150 ft.

At Lake McDonald, services are generally available June through late September and include: boat rentals, boat cruises, campstore, gift shops, horseback rides, and restaurants. Lodging is available at Lake McDonald Lodge. Camping is available at Sprague Creek Campground two miles south of the lodge.

Logan Pass - elev. 6640 ft.

The visitor center at Logan Pass is generally open mid-June through mid-October. Book sales are available in the visitor center and the Hidden Lake Nature Trail starts behind it. There is no phone, food, or beverage service available at Logan Pass.

Many Glacier - elev. 4900 ft.

Services are generally available June through late-September and include: boat rentals, boat cruises, campstore, campground, gift shops, horseback rides, restaurants, and showers. Lodging is available at the Many Glacier Hotel and the Swiftcurrent Motor Inn. The Many Glacier Ranger Station is open daily in the summer for information and book sales. Swiftcurrent Nature Trail starts at the picnic area, just east of the ranger station.

Polebridge - elev. 3600 ft.

Services are located outside the park in the community of Polebridge. The ranger station has book sales and information in the summer.

Rising Sun - elev. 4550 ft.

Services at Rising Sun are generally available June through early September and include: boat cruises, campground, campstore, gift shops, restaurant, and showers. Lodging is available at the Rising Sun Motor Inn. The Sun Point Nature Trail and picnic area are two miles west.

St. Mary - elev. 4500 ft.

In-park services are generally available mid-May through mid-October at the St. Mary Visitor Center and Campground.

Two Medicine - elev. 5150 ft.

Services are generally available June through mid-September and include: boat cruises, boat rentals, campground, campstore, gift shop, and picnic area. No overnight lodging is available.

Walton - elev. 3900 ft.

There is a picnic area at Walton. Two miles south is the Goat Lick wildlife viewing area. The Goat Lick parking area is generally open May through October. Mountain goat sightings are best in early summer.

Waterton - elev. 4200 ft.

Most services available May through September. Some services available yearround. See information on page 7.

Additional services are
available in West Glacier, St.
Mary, Polebridge, East Glacier,
Babb, Essex, and along
Highway 2, south of Glacier.